



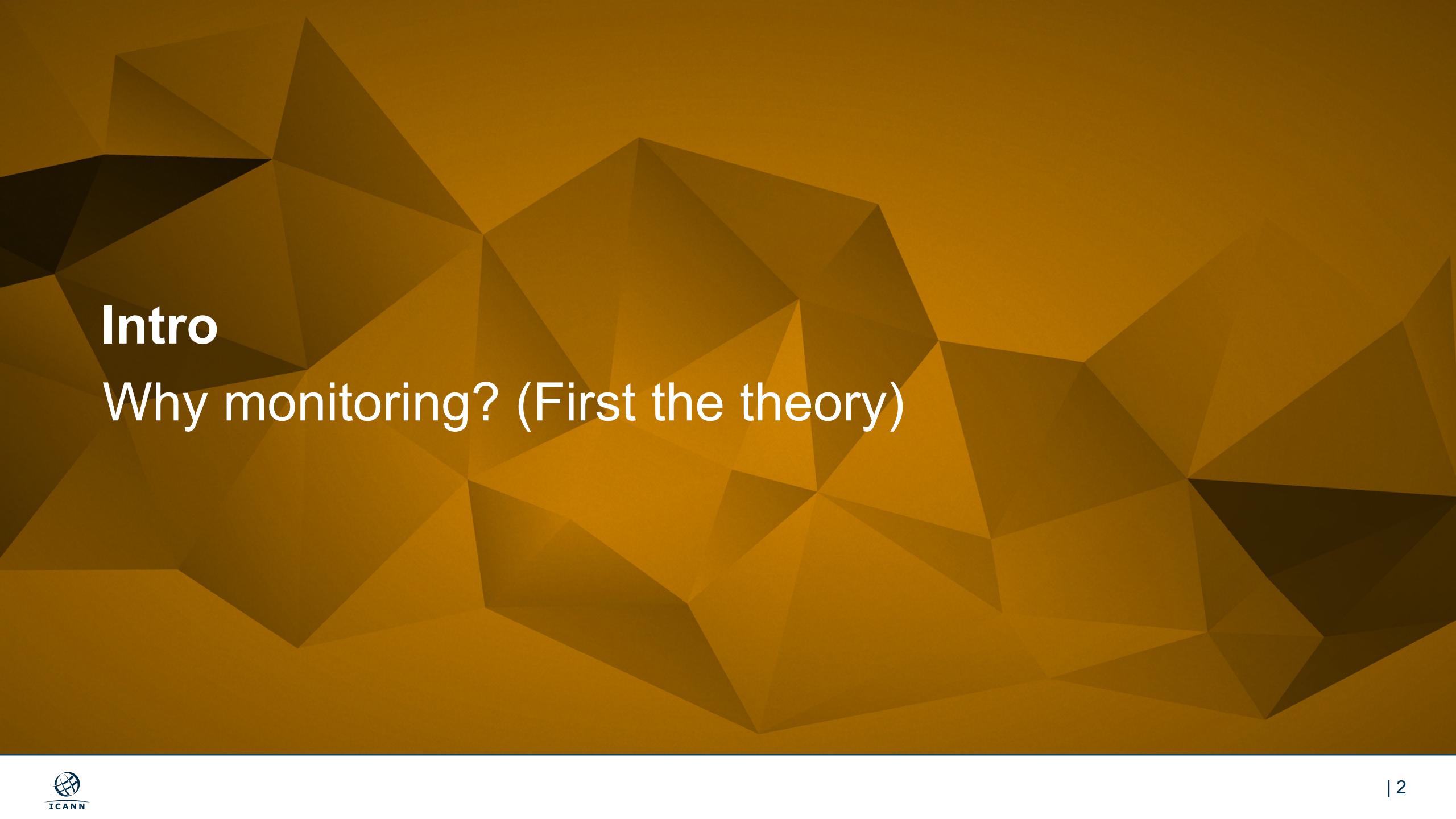
DNS Monitoring tools

Hands-on Workshop with Prometheus and Grafana

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The background of the slide features a complex, abstract geometric pattern composed of numerous overlapping triangles. These triangles are primarily in shades of brown and gold, creating a sense of depth and complexity. They are arranged in a way that suggests a three-dimensional structure, possibly a mountain range or a stylized map.

Intro

Why monitoring? (First the theory)

Monitoring and Analyzing DNS Servers

- ◎ What to monitor?

- Internal Service status

- Is the service available/responding/answering
 - How fast are we responding
 - What's the server capacity
 - More complex questions

- Client characterization

- Group/classify bulks of data

- Grouping set of servers into different views.

- Analyze traffic and search of patterns

- External service status

- Is the service available everywhere?
 - Are we giving the same answer consistently to every client?
 - Perception of service from the client side

Possible solutions (external monitoring)

- ◎ Using monitoring distributed services (à la “looking glass”)
 - RIPE: [DNSMON](#)
 - ThousandEyes: [DNS Monitoring](#)
 - Uptrends [Monitoring](#)
 - [DNSChecker](#) Propagation and Resolution tool
- ◎ DIY approach
 - RIPE [Atlas](#)
 - NLNOG [Ring](#)
 - Any cloud hosting service (build your own farm of monitors)
- ◎ **OUT OF SCOPE FOR THIS PRESENTATION**

Possible solutions (internal monitoring)

- Let's do some graphs!
 - RRDtools or similar approaches.
 - Nagios, Icinga, MRTG, Cacti, Observium, Zabbix, Prometheus
 - Let's do elastic graphs!
 - Kibana, Grafana
- What about the complex questions?
 - Analyze syslog and daemon logs
 - Command line tools
 - dnstop, tcpdump, wireshark
 - Collect traffic and then analyze
 - Capture: pcap, dnscap, dnstap, dsc
 - Analyze: packetq or your usual swiss army knife (Perl, Python, awk) with their own DNS libraries
- Build one solution for most of these requirements



Prometheus

What is Prometheus?

- Open-Source system Monitoring and Alerting toolkit
 - Mostly written in Go lang
- Features:
 - Time series: metric name and key/value pairs
 - *PromQL* query language
 - Time series collection happens with **pull model** via HTTP
 - **Push** time series supported via intermediary gateway (exporter)
- Components:
 - Prometheus server
 - Client libraries
 - Push gateway
 - Exporters
 - AlertManager



Grafana

What is Grafana?

- Open-Source metric analytics and visualization suite
 - Most commonly used for visualize time-series data
- Features:
 - Web based
 - Dashboard oriented: graphs, heatmaps, histograms, etc.)
 - Alarms, Plugins, Public engaged community
- Several data sources / plugins
 - Graphite
 - InfluxDB
 - **Prometheus**
 - OpenTSDB
 - MySQL
 - PostgreSQL
 - ClickHouse
 - ElasticSearch



Hands on!

Lab environment

- Ubuntu 18.04LTS
 - VirtualBox machine: <https://bit.ly/2m58gU2>
 - If you didn't installed it locally, I have a few over here
 - It has already installed and configured BIND, NSD and Knot
 - Pre-configured apt-get repositories to make things faster
Check out /etc/apt/sources.list.d/
- Login
 - User: **lactId**
 - Password: **lactId2019**
 - User has sudo password ☺
- Check if it is able to connect to internet.
 - TIP: Virtualbox connected Network as **Bridged Adapter**

Prometheus

Install & Usage

Install Prometheus

- <https://prometheus.io/docs/prometheus/latest/installation/>
- Ubuntu provides packages a bit outdated, so we grab another:

```
curl -s https://packagecloud.io/install/repositories/prometheus-deb/release/script.deb.sh | sudo os=ubuntu dist=xenial bash

apt -y install prometheus
# vim /etc/prometheus/prometheus.yml
sudo systemctl enable /usr/lib/systemd/system/prometheus.service
service prometheus start
```

- Web based interface: [http://\\${IP}:9090](http://${IP}:9090)
 - Access internals: [http://\\${IP}:9090/metrics](http://${IP}:9090/metrics)

Configuring Prometheus node-exporter

- node-exporter collects information from the server

- Newer: <https://launchpad.net/ubuntu/+source/prometheus-node-exporter>

```
sudo dpkg -i ~lactld/prometheus-node-exporter_0.18.*.deb
```

```
# vi /etc/default/prometheus-node-exporter  
sudo service prometheus-node-exporter restart
```

```
curl -s http://${IP}:9100/metrics | egrep network.*_bytes.*
```

- Add the new exporter to `/etc/prometheus/prometheus.yml`

```
- job_name: node  
  static_configs:  
    - targets: ['localhost:9100']
```

```
sudo service prometheus restart
```

Prometheus Expressions & Templates

- ◎ Expression browser:

- <https://prometheus.io/docs/prometheus/latest/querying/basics/>
- Visit: [http://\\${IP}:9090/graph](http://${IP}:9090/graph)

```
node_network_receive_bytes_total  
rate(node_network_receive_bytes_total[1m])
```

- ◎ Console Templates

- https://prometheus.io/docs/prometheus/latest/configuration/template_reference/

```
# /usr/share/prometheus/console_libraries  
  
service prometheus restart
```

- Visit: [http://\\${IP}:9090/consoles/index.html.example](http://${IP}:9090/consoles/index.html.example)

Homework: Getting to know Grafana

- ◎ What is the metric for:
 - Disk space usage on /
 - CPU usage
 - Memory consumption
- ◎ Make a graph with those metrics
- ◎ View/edit a template.

Grafana

Install & Usage

Installing Grafana

- <https://grafana.com/docs/v4.3/installation/debian/>
- <https://grafana.com/docs/v4.3/installation/rpm/>

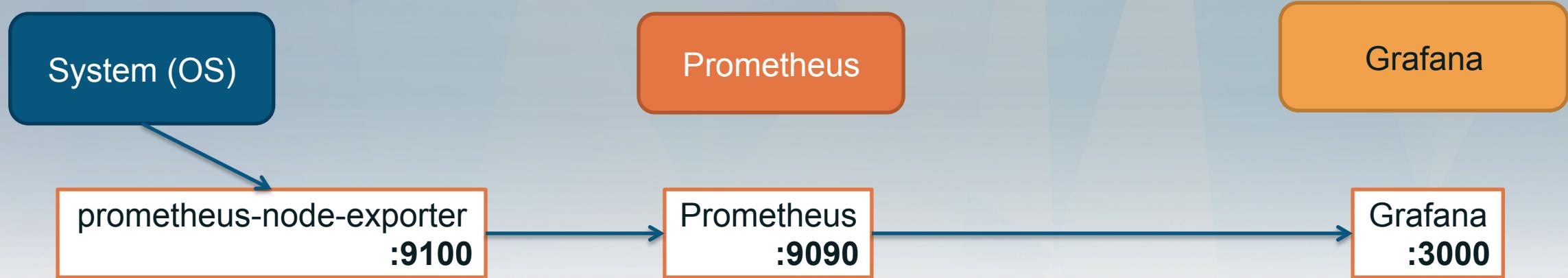
```
# curl -s https://packages.grafana.com/gpg.key | sudo apt-key add -
# sudo add-apt-repository "deb https://packages.grafana.com/oss/deb stable main"
# sudo apt-get update
sudo apt -y install grafana

sudo systemctl daemon-reload
sudo systemctl enable grafana-server
sudo systemctl start grafana-server
```

- Visit: [http://\\${IP}:3000](http://${IP}:3000)
 - User: admin
 - Password: admin

Configuring Grafana sources

- Add data source
 - Prometheus
 - URL: **http://localhost:9090**
 - Access: Server
 - HTTP Method: POST
 - -> Save & Test



Grafana Dashboard (part 1)

- New Dashboard
- Queries
 - Query A: `rate(node_network_receive_bytes_total[1m])`
 - Legend: Traffic IN
 - Query B: `rate(node_network_transmit_bytes_total[1m])`
 - Legend: Traffic OUT
 - Query C: `rate(node_network_receive_packets_total[1m])`
 - Legend: Packets IN
 - Query D: `rate(node_network_transmit_packets_total[1m])`
 - Legend: Packets OUT

Grafana Dashboard (part 2)

- ◎ Visualization

- ◎ Draw Modes

- Alias or regex: /.*OUT.*/
 - Transform: negative-Y
- Alias or regex: /.*Traffic.*/
 - Y-axis: 1
- Alias or regex: /.*Packets.*/
 - Y-axis: 2
 - Points: true

- ◎ Axes

- Adjust unit
- Add Labels

Importing dashboards & Plugins

- Public repository for dashboards
 - <https://grafana.com/grafana/dashboards>
- Dashboards (check the number id)
 - Manage
 - Import -> Add ID -> Load
 - Select DataSource
 - Example: Node Exporter Monitoring (ID 10645)
- Public repository for Plugins
 - <https://grafana.com/grafana/plugins>

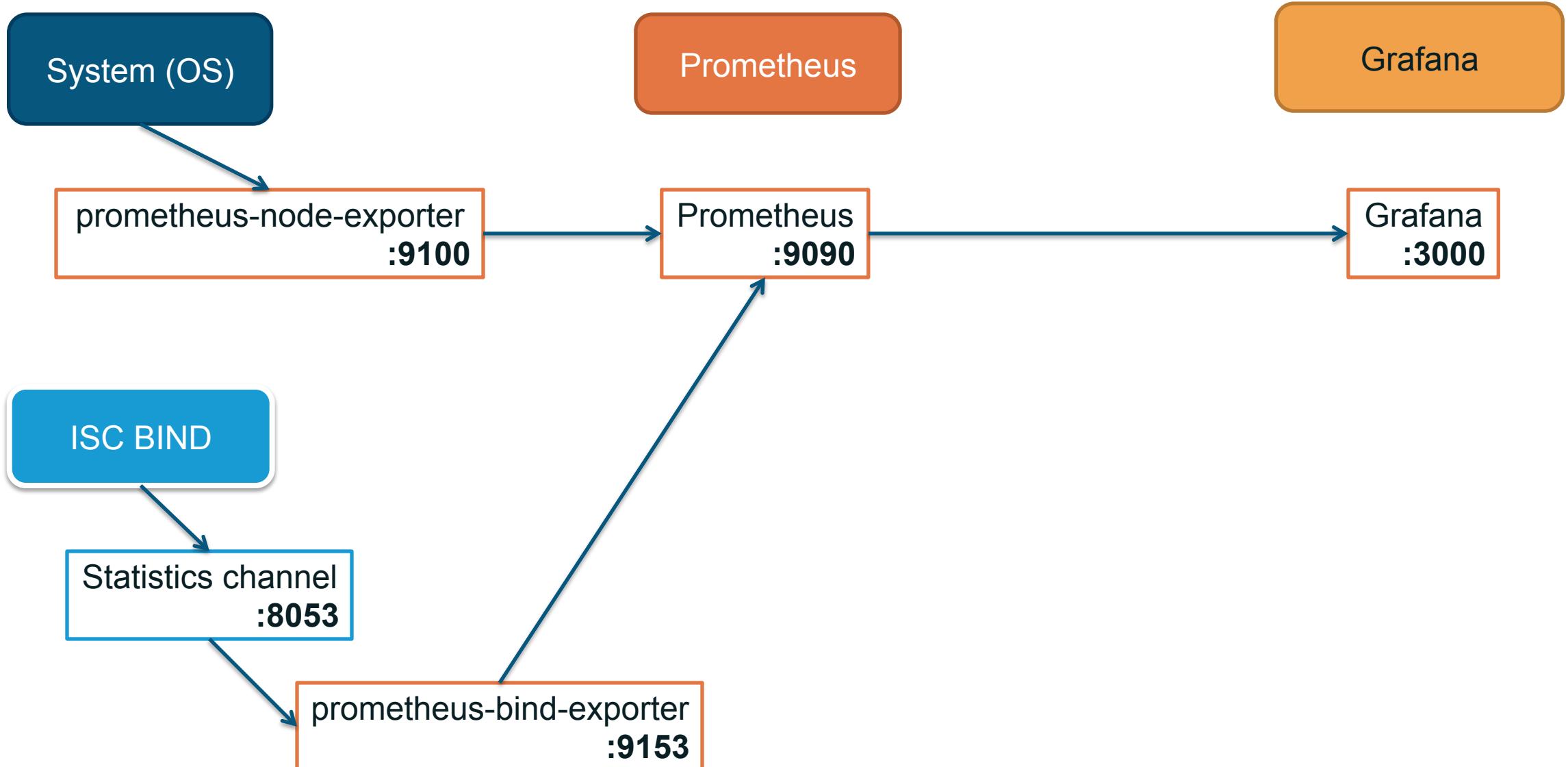
```
# https://grafana.com/grafana/plugins/grafana-piechart-panel/installation
```

```
sudo grafana-cli plugins install grafana-piechart-panel
```

Adding DNS Monitoring

ISC BIND

Main Idea Diagram



Configuring BIND statistics channel

- Enable statistics for BIND
 - Review config in /etc/bind/named.conf

```
statistics-channels {  
    inet 0.0.0.0 port 8053 allow { 127.0.0.1; };  
};
```

- Check named.pid exists at run time

```
# Check BIND PID location  
service bind9 restart  
ls -l /var/run/named/named.pid
```

- Check the bind channel interface: [http://\\${IP}:8053](http://${IP}:8053)

```
curl -s http://localhost:8053/xml/v3/status
```

Installing Prometheus BIND exporter

```
sudo apt install prometheus-bind-exporter
```

- Additional configurations:

- Edit /etc/default/prometheus-bind-exporter

```
ARGS=' -bind.stats-url http://localhost:8053/ -bind.stats-groups  
"server,view,tasks" -bind.pid-file "/var/run/named/named.pid" -  
bind.stats-version "xml.v3" -web.listen-address ":9153"'
```

- Restart and check if running

```
sudo service prometheus-bind-exporter restart  
sudo netstat -vatpnw |grep prometheus
```

Add the new exporter into Prometheus

- Add config to /etc/prometheus/prometheus.yml

```
- job_name: dns
  static_configs:
    - targets: ['localhost:9153']
```

- Restart prometheus and check

```
sudo service prometheus restart
sudo netstat -vatpnw | grep prometheus
```

- You can also check Prometheus config at:
 - [http://\\${IP}:9090/config](http://${IP}:9090/config)

Configuration for Grafana

- Add dashboard 10024
 - Select source Prometheus
- **CHALLENGE TIME**
 - In our custom dashboard, create a Pie Chart for
 - Query distribution type
 - Show a Legend with porcentages
 - Group lesser known queries (below 3%)
 - **Solution:**
 - Query: bind_incoming_queries_total
 - Legend: {{type}}
 - Visualization Pie Chart, Combine Threshold: 0.03



What about other DNS Servers?

Knot, NSD ...and resolvers

Other DNS Servers

- ◎ Knot has statistics channel:
 - Prometheus exporter made by Alessandro Ghedini (Cloudflare)
 - https://github.com/ghedo/knot_exporter
- ◎ For Knot-resolver:
 - <https://github.com/CZ-NIC/knot-resolver/tree/master/modules/http>
- ◎ Unbound and NSD:
 - https://github.com/Jean-Daniel/dns_exporter
 - https://github.com/kumina/unbound_exporter



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